Coding Framework

Parent code	Child code	Grandchild code
Factors affecting health	Personal / household resources	• Food security • Housing • Personal transport • Income/wealth/ affordability • Education level (self/family) • Welfare benefits (inc FSM & food banks) • Equipment / home learning resources (books, IT, sports kit etc) • Time • Useful social connections • Health knowledge
	Services /facilities	• Housing service • Public transport • Health services • Community and leisure centres • School (inc. mental health & cooking classes) • Youth clubs • Facilities (availability & affordability)
	Physical environment	• Safety and crime • Aesthetic/reputation of environment (i.e. Positive / negative/ dodgy / rough etc). • Accessibility (disability access) • Noise/air pollution • Favourite places • Green spaces • Active travel • Food environment (access to takeaways etc)
	Relationships / People	• Family (support/stability/conflict) • Friends as support / socialising • 'Trusted adults' (youth workers/teachers) • Other people's attitudes & behaviour (bullying, prejudice, discrimination, hate crime) • Peer pressure/influence • Social media • Community & cultural /family/peer health norms and practices
	Socioeconomic context of the place	• Historical context • Jobs (quality - quantity) • Income (in)equality • Politics • Educational opportunities • Government investment (national/local) • Community cohesion • Potential for social mobility
	Individual behaviours	• Smoking • Drugs & Alcohol • Healthy eating/diet

		• Physical activity • Personal effort • Participation (volunteering/helping others)
	Psychosocial	• Stigma • Stress • Shame /prejudice • Unsatisfying job • Social comparison (perceptions of income) • Sense of control • Fatalism (feeling like no point) • Self-esteem/ body image • Sense of belonging • Coping strategies
	Interrelationship between factors	• Structural factors influencing individual behaviours (e.g. income – stress – mental health etc. • people versus place • Interrelationship physical and mental health

Understandings health inequalities	**Defining (health) inequality**	• **Sources of information** • **Making sense of info (potential for partial understandings)**
	Axes of inequality	• Local area examples • National examples • International examples • Income • North/South • Ethnicity • Age • Sexuality • Gender • Religion • Disability / health status • Weight • Intersecting disadvantage • Class
	Pathways of inequality (i.e. how one thing leads to another etc)	• Initial conditions (highlighted as important for health) • Secondary factors (linking initial conditions to health impacts) • Intergenerational patterns of inequality • Pathway disruptors • Pathway amplifiers
	Opinions on inequalities	
	Positioning in relation to different socio-economic group	

Tackling inequalities in health	**Priorities for change / potential mechanisms**	• **Wellbeing provision in schools** • **Accessibility (to safe and healthy places)** • **Healthy eating (affordability/accessibility/options & choice)** • **Promoting physical health** • **Youth Pay/wage** • **Allocating funding / resources** • **Policy implementation (How policies are implemented / how well they're working e.g. potential stigma re. FSM & NCMP)** • **Tackling anti-social behaviour & crime**
	Responsibility for tackling inequalities in health	• Government • School • Parents • Young people (& their perceived ability to influence change)